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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/594,692	05/31/2007	Xavier Briand	20010.0007USWO	9463
52835 7590 11/20/2007 HAMRE, SCHUMANN, MUELLER & LARSON, P.C. P.O. BOX 2902			EXAMINER	
			FLOOD, MICHELE C	
MINNEAPOL	MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0902		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1655	
1			:	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/20/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/594,692	BRIAND ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Michele Flood	1655				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time initiapply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 Se	eptember 2006.					
	to the state of th					
/-	The state of the s					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/28/2006</u> .	6) Other:					

Art Unit: 1655

DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgment is made of the receipt and entry of the amendment filed on September 28, 2006.

Claims 1-10 are under examination.

Specification/Title

The tile of the invention is objected to for the following reason: There is an apparent misspelling in the title. Applicant may overcome the objection by replacing "Defence" with <u>Defense</u>. It is also suggested that "Use of" be deleted from the title. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-5 provide for the use of ulvans, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant

Art Unit: 1655

is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The metes and bounds of Claims 6, 9 and 10 are rendered indefinite by the recitation of the term "it" because it is unclear as to the subject matter Applicant intends to direct the instantly claimed invention. The lack of clarity renders the claims vague and ambiguous.

Claims 6 and 7 recite the limitation "the application". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims.

Claims 6 and 9 recite the limitation "ulvan-derived oligosaccharides". One of ordinary skill in the art would not know how to interpret the metes and bounds of this

Art Unit: 1655

limitation. A derivation of a chemical compound may be closely patterned after the subject chemical compound or may be loosely patterned after the subject chemical compound, such that it may bear no resemblance or form recognizable as the subject chemical compound which maybe chemically and/or biologically unrelated in function or form to the subject chemical compound.

Claims 7, 8 and 10 recite the limitation "the plants". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims.

Claims 7 and 8 recite the limitation "roots". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims.

Regarding Claim 8, line 4, the parenthetical expression, "(hydroponics, dropwise, etc.)" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear if the phrase is intended to be a limitation of the claimed subject matter. Moreover, it is unclear as to what subject matter "etc." would encompass.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public . use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nairn et al. (A*) made evident by the teachings of Lahaye et al. (WW; Lahaye, M. et al. Carbohydrate Research, (1994), 262: 115-125. Chemical characteristics of insoluble

Art Unit: 1655

glucans from the cell wall of the marine green alga Ulva lactuca (L.) Thuret.) and Bi et al. (UU; Bi, F. et al. Pak. J. Bot. (1999), 31(1): 193-198. Studies on aqueous extracts of three green algae as an elicitor of plant defence mechanism.).

Applicant claims a method for activating plant defense and resistance reactions against biotic or abiotic stresses comprising application to plants an effective amount of ulvans, particularly extracted from green algae of the genus *Ulva* or *Enteromorpha*, or ulvan-derived oligosaccharides. Applicant further claims the method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the application to the plant is carried out via leaves or via roots; wherein the effective amount given to the plants is from 0.1g to 100g per liter, and preferably of the order of 1gper liter, when applied in liquid form via the leaves, in nutritive solutions for the roots, or I solutions for seed or post-harvest treatment, or else from 10 to 1000 per hectare, and preferably of the order of 200g per hectare when applied in solid form, in pulverulent or granulated products.

Applicant claims a plant-protection product comprising an effective amount of at least one ulvan, in particular extracted from green algae of the genus *Ulva* or *Enteromorpha*, or an ulvan-derived oligosaccharide, optionally in combination with one or more fertilizing substances. Applicant further claims the plant-protection product as claimed in claim 9, wherein the plant-protection product is in the form of a liquid or in the form of powder or granules, and wherein the plant-protection product contains an amount of ulvans or ulvan-derived oligosaccharides enabling the delivery to plants form 0.1g to 100 per liter, and preferably of the order of 1g per liter when applied in liquid

Art Unit: 1655

form, or else from 10 to 1000g per hectare, and preferably of the order of 200g per hectare when applied in solid form in pulverulent or granulated products.

Nairn teaches a method for inhibiting vitrification (read herein as a biotic stress) in plants comprising administering an effective amount of a plant protection product, namely an ulvan derived from *Ulva lactuca*. Nairn teaches applying a liquid composition comprising the claim-designated amounts of ulvan in a tissue growth medium (read herein as a fertilizer) to shoots exerted an anti-vitrification effect. See Table 3, in Column 15. An ulvan used in the method taught by Nairn was prepared as described in Lahaye et al. See Column 12, lines 14-24. Accordingly, Nairn teaches a method for activating plant defense and resistance against biotic and abiotic stresses in plants comprising effective amounts of ulvan from Ulva lactuca by washing, milling, extraction, fractionation, concentration and enzymatic hydrolysis, as evidenced by the teachings of Lahaye on page 116-117, under "2. Materials and methods".

Bi teaches a method for activating plant defense and resistance against biotic or abiotic stresses comprising applying an effective amount of a powdered extract of Ulva lactuca I liquid form to chickpea cotyledons. The ulvan was obtained by washing, milling, and sequential extraction in water, dilute sodium hydroxide and hydrochloric acid and ethanol precipitation and freeze-drying, as well as acid hydrolysis.

The references anticipate the claimed subject matter.

Art Unit: 1655

Claims 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Paradossi et al. (VV; Paradossi, G. et al. Macromolecules (2002); 35: 6404-6411. A conformational study on the algal polysaccharide ulvan.) and Lahaye et al. (N).

Applicant's claimed invention was set forth above.

Paradossi teaches ulvans derived from Ulva armoricana, Ulva lactuca, Ulva rotundata and Ulva rigida in the form of a liquid or a powder.

Lahaye teaches ulvans obtained from *Ulva lactuca* and *Enteromorpha* compressa.

Neither Paradossi nor Lahaye expressly teach that the reference compositions have the instantly claimed functional effects. However, the intended use of the claimed composition does not patentably distinguish the composition, per se, since such undisclosed use is inherent in the reference composition. In order to be limiting, the intended use must create a structural difference between the claimed composition and the prior art composition. In the instant case, the intended use does not create a structural difference, thus the intended use is not limiting. In the instant case, the compositions taught by each of Paradossi and Lahaye comprise each of the instantly claimed ingredients. Therefore, the instantly claimed functional effects are inherent to the compositions taught by both Paradossi and Lahaye.

Each of the references anticipates the claimed subject matter.

Art Unit: 1655

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michele Flood whose telephone number is 571-272-0964. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00 am - 3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terry McKelvey can be reached on 571-272-0775. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

PRIMARY EXAMINER

Michele Flood **Primary Examiner** Art Unit 1655

MCF November 10, 2007